

# Writing a Plagiarism-Free Research Paper

Workshop location is **SONY HALL**

Monday, March 5<sup>th</sup>, 11:30 a.m. and 5:30 p.m.

Tuesday, March 6<sup>th</sup>, 11:30 a.m. and 5:30 p.m.

## Workshop includes:

- Writing a research paper
- Creating plagiarism-free papers; an important skill
- Documenting information sources using Modern Language Association (MLA) and American Psychological Association (APA) documentation styles
- How to quote, paraphrase, and summarize information sources
- Microsoft Word® tips and tricks
- Follow-up training via Blackboard (available for those who attend a live session)

---

Can you name 11 steps in writing a research paper?

Can you define the word *plagiarism* or explain what it means to plagiarize? Are you aware that plagiarizing is a type of dishonesty that is a violation of Troy University's *Standards of Conduct*?

What is the difference between directly quoting, paraphrasing, and summarizing information sources (books, articles, etc.)?

When do you spell out numbers (forty-seven) and when do you use figures (47)?

Do you know how to write a direct, word-for-word, quotation? When does punctuation go inside a quotation mark that ends a sentence, and when does it go outside? Did you know that for some long quotations, you may not need to use quotation marks?

Do you know how to create citations and references in order to document your use of information sources? Which one of the two following examples of documentation is an entry in a *Works Cited* list, written according to Modern Language Association (MLA) style, and which is a *Reference*, written in American Psychological Association (APA) style?

Malouf, D. (2011). *Ransom*. New York, NY: Vintage.

Malouf, David. *Ransom*. New York: Vintage, 2011. Print.